

Space Efficient Modifications to Structator

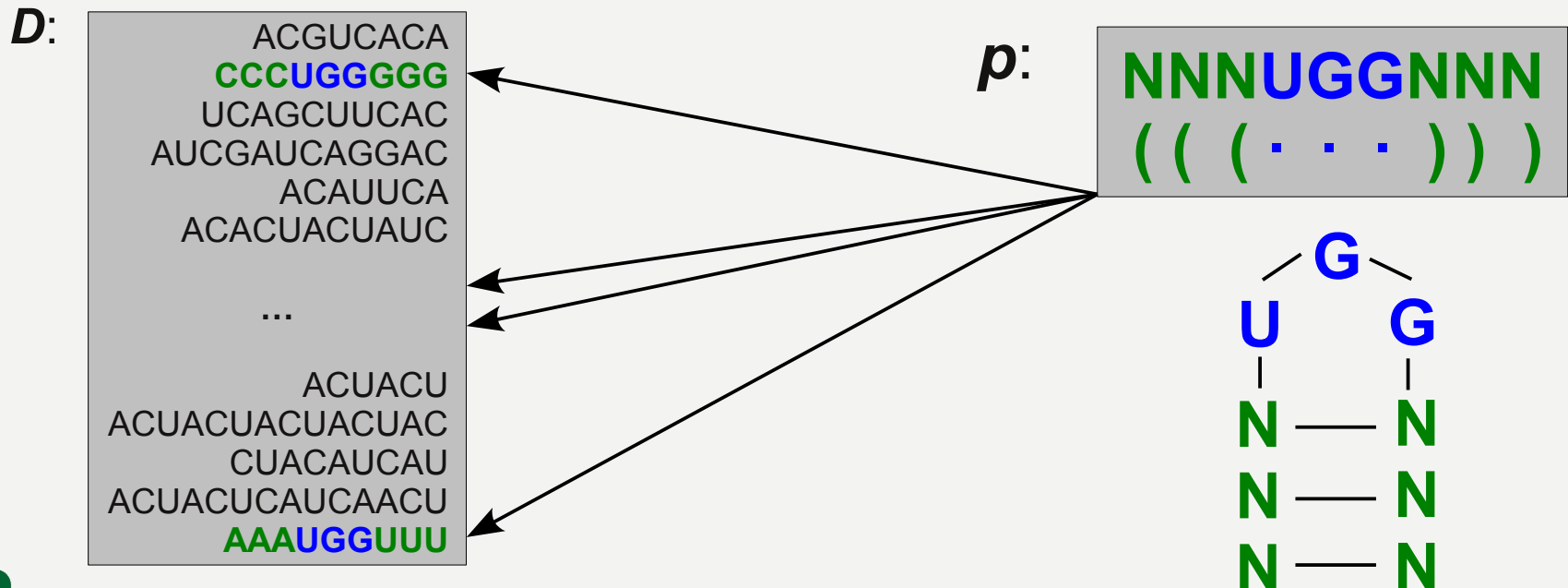
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Institut für Informatik, LFE Bioinformatik, LMU München

Problem:

Given: (1) Database D containing sequences,
(2) Sequence-structure Pattern p

Output: All sequences in D matching p



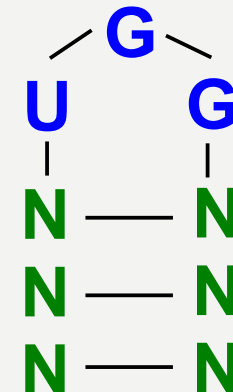
Sequence s **matches** pattern p ...

- unbounded characters are **identical**
- all **complementary constraints** are fulfilled:
(A-U), (G-C), (U-A), (C-G), (N-N)

	<i>Match?</i>
s_1 : ACGUGUCGU	
s_2 : ACGUGGAGU	
s_3 : ACGUGGCGU	

p :

NNUGGNNN
(((. . .)))



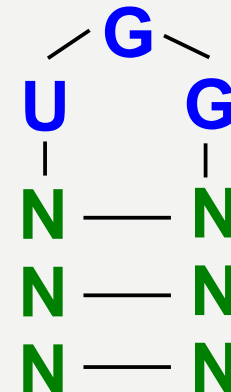
Sequence s **matches** pattern p ...

- unbounded characters are **identical**
- all **complementary constraints** are fulfilled:
(A-U), (G-C), (U-A), (C-G), (N-N)

	<i>Match?</i>
s_1 : ACGUGUCAG	No!
s_2 : ACGUGGAGU	
s_3 : ACGUGGCGU	

p :

NNNUGGNNN
(((· · ·)))



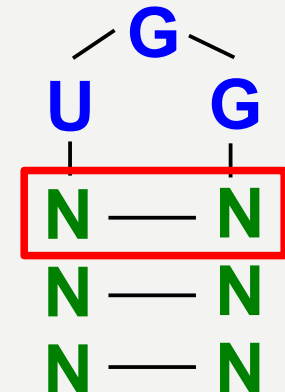
Sequence s **matches** pattern p ...

- unbounded characters are **identical**
- all **complementary constraints** are fulfilled:
(A-U), (G-C), (U-A), (C-G), (N-N)

	<i>Match?</i>
s_1 : ACGUGUCAG	No!
s_2 : ACGUGGAGU	No!
s_3 : ACGUGGCGU	

p :

NNNUGGNNN
(((. . .)))



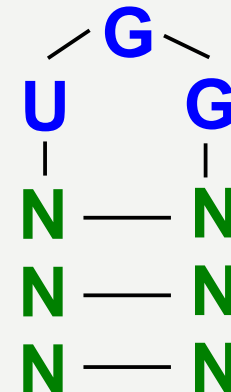
Sequence s **matches** pattern p ...

- unbounded characters are **identical**
- all **complementary constraints** are fulfilled:
(A-U), (G-C), (U-A), (C-G), (N-N)

	<i>Match?</i>
s_1 : ACGUGUCAG	No!
s_2 : ACGUGGAGU	No!
s_3 : ACGUGGCGU	Yes!

p :

NNUGGNNN
(((. . .)))

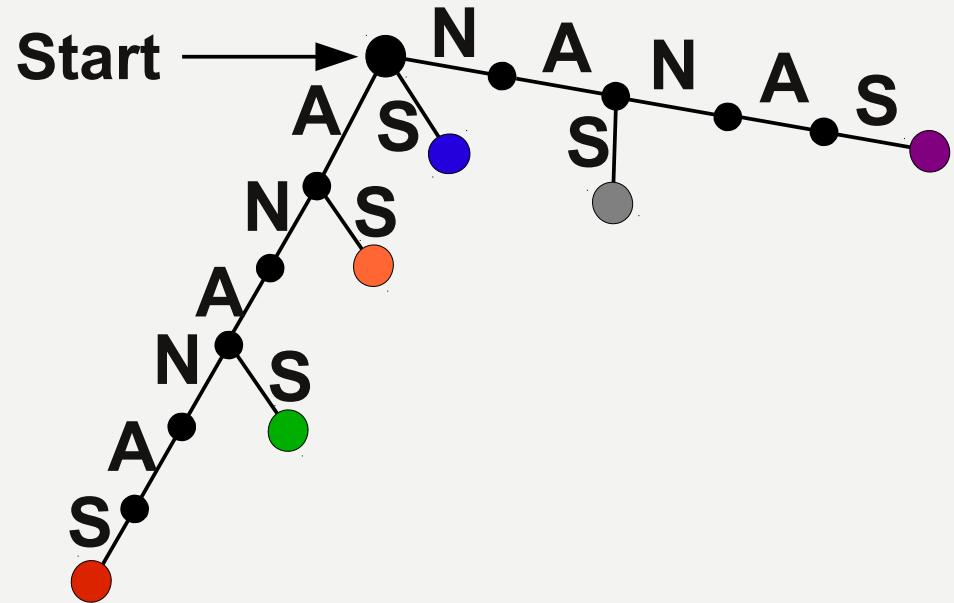


Approach	Advantage +	Disadvantage -
Naive Approach	less space (+++)	bad runtime (---)
Index based Approach	good runtime (++)	more space (-)

Text:
ANANAS

Suffixes:

S, AS, NAS, ANAS,
NANAS, ANANAS



Suffix Trees	fast Search (+)	much space (--)
Suffix Arrays	fast Search (+) less space (++)	only unidirectional Search (-)
Affix Arrays	rapid Search (++) → bidirectional Search	more space (-)

Text:

ANANAS

Suffixes:

S, AS, NAS, ANAS,
NANAS, ANANAS

Suffix Array

0	0	ANANAS
1	2	ANAS
2	4	AS
3	1	NANAS
4	3	NAS
5	5	S

Suffix Trees	fast Search (+)	much space (--)
Suffix Arrays	fast Search (+) less space (++)	only unidirectional Search (-)
Affix Arrays	rapid Search (++) → bidirectional Search	more space (-)

- Further Development of a Suffix Array
- **Uni-** and **Bidirectional Search**
- Details will be explained later...

Suffix Trees	fast Search (+)	much space (--)
Suffix Arrays	fast Search (+) less space (++)	only unidirectional Search (-)
Affix Arrays	rapid Search (++) → bidirectional Search	more space (-)



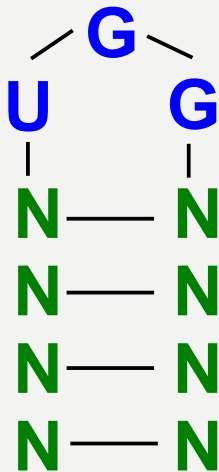
Given pattern p :

NNNNUGGNNNN

(((· · ·)))

Sequence s :

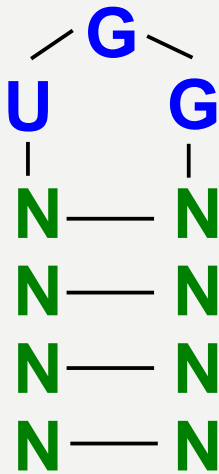
AGACUGGGGCU





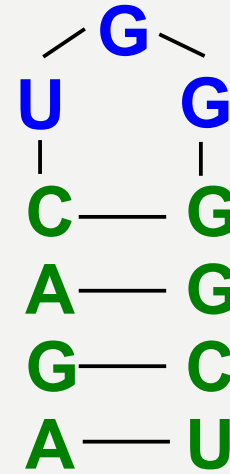
Given pattern p :

NNNNUGGNNNN
 ((((· · ·))))



Sequence s :

AGACUGGGGCU
 ((((· · ·))))



Uni- vs. Bidirectional Search

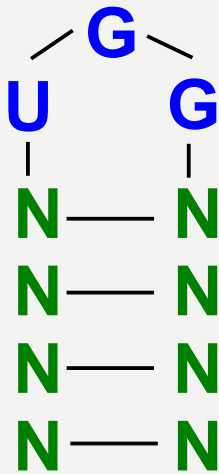


Given pattern p :

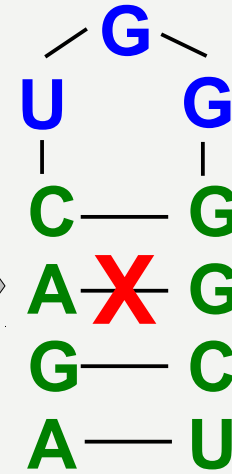
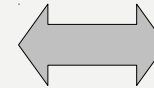
NNNNUGGNNNN
((((· · ·))))

Sequence s :

AGACUGGGGCU
((((· · ·))))

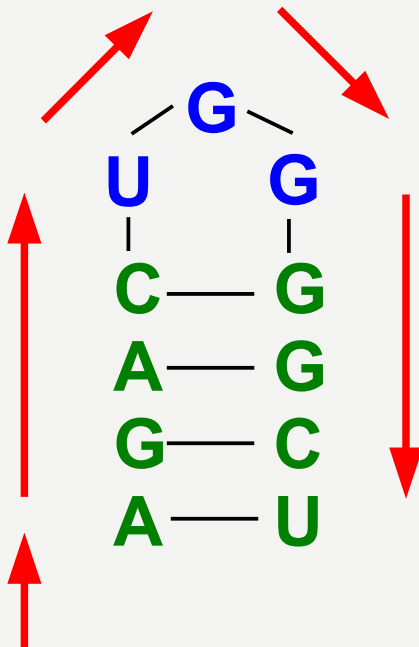


Inconsistent
due to the
pair **A,G**



Sequence **s**:

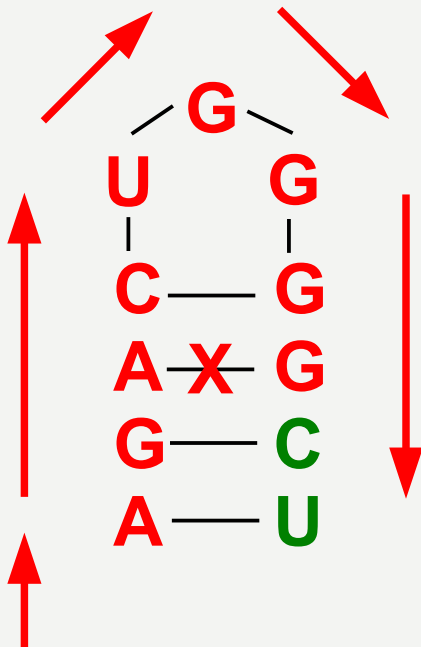
AGACUGGGGCU
((((. . .))))



1. visit each character from **left to right**
2. check unbounded characters
3. check each pair as early as possible

Sequence **s**:

AGACUGGGGCU
 ((((. . .))))



1. visit each character from **left to right**
2. check unbounded characters
3. check each pair as early as possible

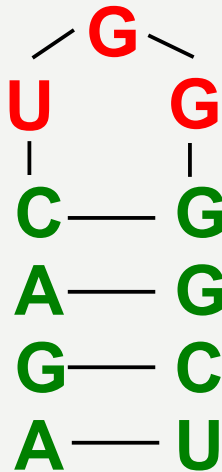
→ need **9 steps** to find inconsistent pair **A,G**



Sequence **s**:

AGACUGGGGCU
 ((((. . .)))))

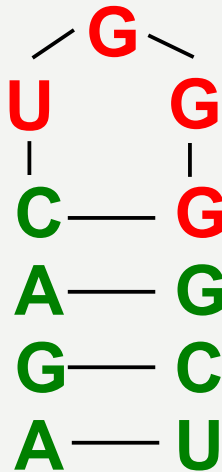
1. check unbounded characters





Sequence **s**:

AGAC**UGGG**GCU
 ((((**· · ·**))))



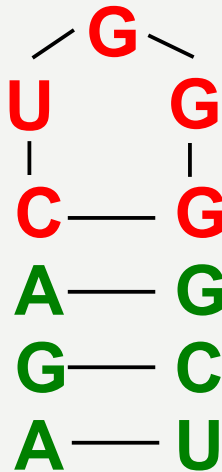
1. check unbounded characters
2. check each pair **consecutively** from top to bottom

Right Extension



Sequence **s**:

AGAC**U**GGGGCU
 ((((. . .))))



1. check unbounded characters
2. check each pair **consecutively** from top to bottom

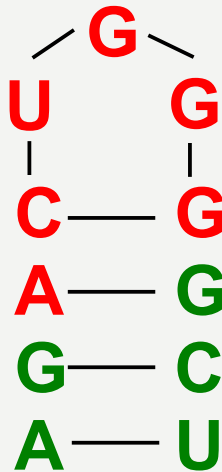
Left Extension



Sequence **s**:

AGACUGGGGCU
 ((((. . .))))

1. check unbounded characters
2. check each pair **consecutively** from top to bottom



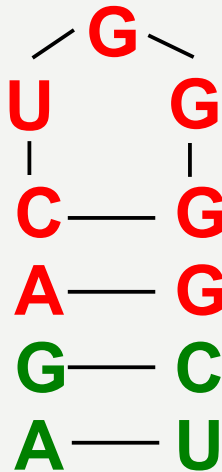
Left Extension



Sequence **s**:

AGACUGGGGCU
 ((((. . .))))

1. check unbounded characters
2. check each pair **consecutively** from top to bottom



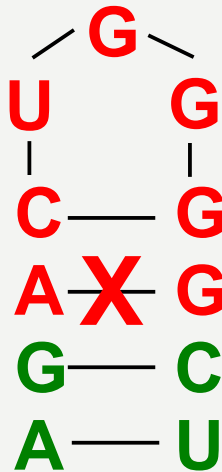
Right Extension



Sequence **s**:

AGACUGGGGCU
 ((((. . .))))

1. check unbounded characters
2. check each pair **consecutively** from top to bottom



→ need 7 steps to find inconsistent pair **A,G**

Suffix Array suf_F



0	2	0	0	AGCUGCUGCUGCA
1	0	1		AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA
2	14	1		A
3	13	0	3	CA
4	10	1	4	CUGCA
5	7	4	5	CUGCUGCA
6	4	7		CUGCUGCUGCA
7	12	0	3	GCA
8	9	2	4	GCUGCA
9	6	5	5	GCUGCUGCA
10	3	8		GCUGCUGCUGCA
11	1	0	11	UAGCUGCUGCUGCA
12	11	1	4	UGCA
13	8	3	5	UGCUGCA
14	5	6		UGCUGCUGCA
15	15	0		

T=AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA

LCP Array lcp_F suf_F 

0	2	0	0	AGCUGCUGCUGCA
1	0	1		AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA
2	14	1		A
3	13	0	3	CA
4	10	1	4	CUGCA
5	7	4	5	CUGCUGCA
6	4	7		CUGCUGCUGCA
7	12	0	3	GCA
8	9	2	4	GCUGCA
9	6	5	5	GCUGCUGCA
10	3	8		GCUGCUGCUGCA
11	1	0	11	UAGCUGCUGCUGCA
12	11	1	4	UGCA
13	8	3	5	UGCUGCA
14	5	6		UGCUGCUGCA
15	15	0		

T=AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA

Affix-Link Array aflk_F

	suf_F	lcp_F		
0	2	0	0	AGCUGCUGCUGCA
1	0	1		AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA
2	14	1		A
3	13	0	3	CA
4	10	1	4	CUGCA
5	7	4	5	CUGCUGCA
6	4	7		CUGCUGCUGCA
7	12	0	3	GCA
8	9	2	4	GCUGCA
9	6	5	5	GCUGCUGCA
10	3	8		GCUGCUGCUGCA
11	1	0	11	UAGCUGCUGCUGCA
12	11	1	4	UGCA
13	8	3	5	UGCUGCA
14	5	6		UGCUGCUGCA
15	15	0		

T=AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA

	suf_F	lcp_F	afk_F			afk_R	lcp_R	suf_R	
0	2	0	0	AGCUGCUGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA	0	0	0	0
1	0	1		AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA	AUA		1	12	1
2	14	1		A	A		1	14	2
3	13	0	3	CA	AUAGC	7	0	10	3
4	10	1	4	CUGCA	AUAGCUGC	8	2	7	4
5	7	4	5	CUGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUGC	9	5	4	5
6	4	7		CUGCUGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUGCUGC		8	1	6
7	12	0	3	GCA	AUAG	7	0	11	7
8	9	2	4	GCUGCA	AUAGCUG	8	1	8	8
9	6	5	5	GCUGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUG	9	4	5	9
10	3	8		GCUGCUGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUGCUG		7	2	10
11	1	0	11	UAGCUGCUGCUGCA	AU	11	0	13	11
12	11	1	4	UGCA	AUAGCU	8	1	9	12
13	8	3	5	UGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUG	9	3	6	13
14	5	6		UGCUGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUGCU		6	3	14
15	15	0						15	15

 $T = \text{AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA}$
 $T^{-1} = \text{ACGUCGUCGUCGAUA}$

$p = \text{NNN} \boxed{\text{UGCUNNN}}$
 $(((\cdot \cdot \cdot)))$

$T = \text{AUAGC} \boxed{\text{UGCUG}} \text{CUGCA}$

suf_F lcp_F afk_F

0	2	0	0	AGCUGCUGCUGCA
1	0	1		AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA
2	14	1		A
3	13	0	3	CA
4	10	1	4	CUGCA
5	7	4	5	CUGCUGCA
6	4	7		CUGCUGCUGCA
7	12	0	3	GCA
8	9	2	4	GCUGCA
9	6	5	5	GCUGCUGCA
10	3	8		GCUGCUGCUGCA
11	1	0	11	UAGCUGCUGCUGCA
12	11	1	4	UGCA
13	8	3	5	UGCUG CA
14	5	6		UGCUGCUGCA
15	15	0		

afk_R lcp_R suf_R

AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA	0	0	0	0
AUA		1	12	1
A		1	14	2
AUAGC	7	0	10	3
AUAGCUGC	8	2	7	4
AUAGCUGCUGC	9	5	4	5
AUAGCUGCUGCUGC		8	1	6
AUAG	7	0	11	7
AUAGCUG	8	1	8	8
AUAGCUGCUG	9	4	5	9
AUAGCUGCUGCUG		7	2	10
AU	11	0	13	11
AUAGCU	8	1	9	12
AUAGCUGCU	9	3	6	13
AUAGCUGCUGCU		6	3	14
			15	15

$p = \text{NNNUGCUNNN}$
 $(((\cdot \cdot \cdot)))$

$T = \text{AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA}$

suf_F lcp_F aflk_F

0	2	0	0	AGCUGCUGCUGCA
1	0	1		AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA
2	14	1		A
3	13	0	3	CA
4	10	1	4	CUGCA
5	7	4	5	CUGCUGCA
6	4	7		CUGCUGCUGCA
7	12	0	3	GCA
8	9	2	4	GCUGCA
9	6	5	5	GCUGCUGCA
10	3	8		GCUGCUGCUGCA
11	1	0	11	UAGCUGCUGCUGCA
12	11	1	4	UGCA
13	8	3	5	UGCUGCA
14	5	6		UGCUGCUGCA
15	15	0		

aflk_R lcp_R suf_R

AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA	0	0	0	0
AUA		1	12	1
A		1	14	2
AUAGC	7	0	10	3
AUAGCUGC	8	2	7	4
AUAGCUGCUGC	9	5	4	5
AUAGCUGCUGCUGC		8	1	6
AUAG	7	0	11	7
AUAGCUG	8	1	8	8
AUAGCUGCUG	9	4	5	9
AUAGCUGCUGCUG		7	2	10
AU	11	0	13	11
AUAGCU	8	1	9	12
AUAGCUGCU	9	3	6	13
AUAGCUGCUGCU		6	3	14
			15	15

	suf_F	lcp_F	afk_F			afk_R	lcp_R	suf_R	
0	2	0	0	AGCUGCUGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA	0	0	0	0
1	0	1		AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA	AUA		1	12	1
2	14	1		A	A		1	14	2
3	13	0	3	CA	AUAGC	7	0	10	3
4	10	1	4	CUGCA	AUAGCUGC	8	2	7	4
5	7	4	5	CUGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUGC	9	5	4	5
6	4	7		CUGCUGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUGCUGC		8	1	6
7	12	0	3	GCA	AUAG	7	0	11	7
8	9	2	4	GCUGCA	AUAGCUG	8	1	8	8
9	6	5	5	GCUGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUG	9	4	5	9
10	3	8		GCUGCUGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUGCUG		7	2	10
11	1	0	11	UAGCUGCUGCUGCA	AU	11	0	13	11
12	11	1	4	UGCA	AUAGCU	8	1	9	12
13	8	3	5	UGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUG	9	3	6	13
14	5	6		UGCUGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUGCU		6	3	14
15	15	0						15	15



$$(4n+1n+4n) \times 2 = 9n \times 2 = 18n \text{ Bytes}$$

	suf _F	lcp _F	afk _F	
0	2	0	0	AGCUGCUGCUGCA
1	0	1		AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA
2	14	1		A
3	13	0	3	CA
4	10	1	4	CUGCA
5	7	4	5	CUGCUGCA
6	4	7		CUGCUGCUGCA
7	12	0	3	GCA
8	9	2	4	GCUGCA
9	6	5	5	GCUGCUGCA
10	3	8		GCUGCUGCUGCA
11	1	0	11	UAGCUGCUGCUGCA
12	11	1	4	UGCA
13	8	3	5	UGCUGCA
14	5	6		UGCUGCUGCA
15	15	0		



$(4n+1n+4n) \times 2 = 9n \times 2 = 18n$ Bytes

	afk _R	lcp _R	suf _R	
AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA	0	0	0	0
AUA		1	12	1
A		1	14	2
AUAGC	7	0	10	3
AUAGCUGC	8	2	7	4
AUAGCUGCUGC	9	5	4	5
AUAGCUGCUGCUGC		8	1	6
AUAG	7	0	11	7
AUAGCUG	8	1	8	8
AUAGCUGCUG	9	4	5	9

Modification:
reduce Space
keep bidirectional search

(1) Index Creation: Compute Index for a Database D

Input: Database D

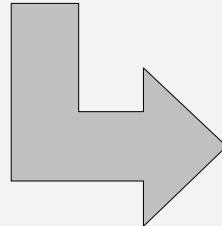
Output: Index on D

(2) Pattern Search: find each occurrence of p in D

Input: Pattern p , Index on D

Output: each occurrence of p in D

- search after p within the index
→ via bidirectional search



Focus of our Modifications

1st Modification:

- **Omit** Affix Links Array
→ Space reduced from **18n** to **10n Bytes**
- Compute each Affix Link via ***Binary Search***
→ **Less space** but higher runtime.

1st Modification



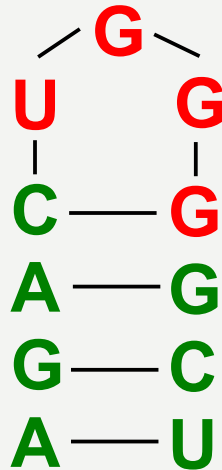
suf _F		lcp _F	afk _F				afk _R	lcp _R	suf _R	
0	2	0	0	AGCUGCUGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1		AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA	AUA		1	12	1	1
2	14	1		A	A		1	14	2	2
3	13	0	3	CA	AUAGC	7	0	10	3	3
4	10	1	4	CUGCA	AUAGCUGC	8	2	7	4	4
5	7	4	5	CUGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUGC	9	5	4	5	5
6	4	7		CUGCUGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUGCUGC		8	1	6	6
7	12	0		GCA	AUAG		0	11	7	7
8	9	2		GCUGCA	AUAGCUG		1	8	8	8
9	6	5		GCUGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUG		4	5	9	9
10	3	8		GCUGCUGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUGCUG		7	2	10	10
11	1	0	11	UAGCUGCUGCUGCA	AU	11	0	13	11	11
12	11	1	4	UGCA	AUAGCU	8	1	9	12	12
13	8	3	5	UGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUG	9	3	6	13	13
14	5	6		UGCUGCUGCA	AUAGCUGCUGCUGCU		6	3	14	14
15	15	0						15	15	15



$$(4n+1n+4\cancel{n}) \times 2 = 5n \times 2 = 10n \text{ Bytes}$$

Sequence **s**:

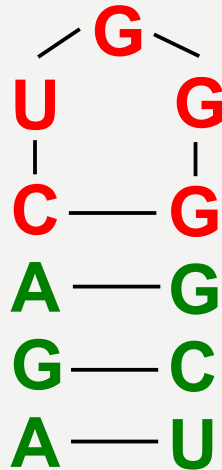
AGACUGGGGCU
 ((((. . .)))))



- **reverse** already matched pattern:
UGGG → **GGGU**
- search for **GGGU** in the **reversed** suffix array

Sequence **s**:

AGACUGGGGCU
 ((((. . .))))



- **reverse** already matched pattern:
UGGG → **GGGU**
- search for **GGGU** in the **reversed** suffix array
- continue search into **other** direction

2nd Modification:

- Replace Affix Links Array by a ***LCP-Tree Array***
→ Space reduced from **18n to 12n Bytes**
- Compute each Affix Link via ***Improved Binary Search***
→ **Less space** but a (reduced) higher runtime.

Given: Pattern p with size m ,
Text t with size n , Suffix Array on Text t

Problem: Find all occurrences of p in t .

- **Binary Search** (1st Modification):

Runtime: $m * \log(n)$

- **Improved Binary Search*** (2nd Modification)

Runtime: $m + \log(n)$

→ **less** character comparisons but a little bit more space

* Manber, U.; Myers, G.: Suffix arrays: a new method for on-line string searches

2 Kind of Experiments:

(1) Index Construction

- **USER** Runtime
- Max Memory Usage

(2) Pattern Search

- **USER** Runtime
- **REAL** Runtime



Database: Rfam release 10.0

Pattern: 397 RNA-Sequence-Structure-Patterns

→ available from www.zbh.uni-hamburg.de/Structator

System: two 2.4 GHz dual cores and 4 GB RAM

→ max memory limit: 6,5 GB

Swapping Effects !!!

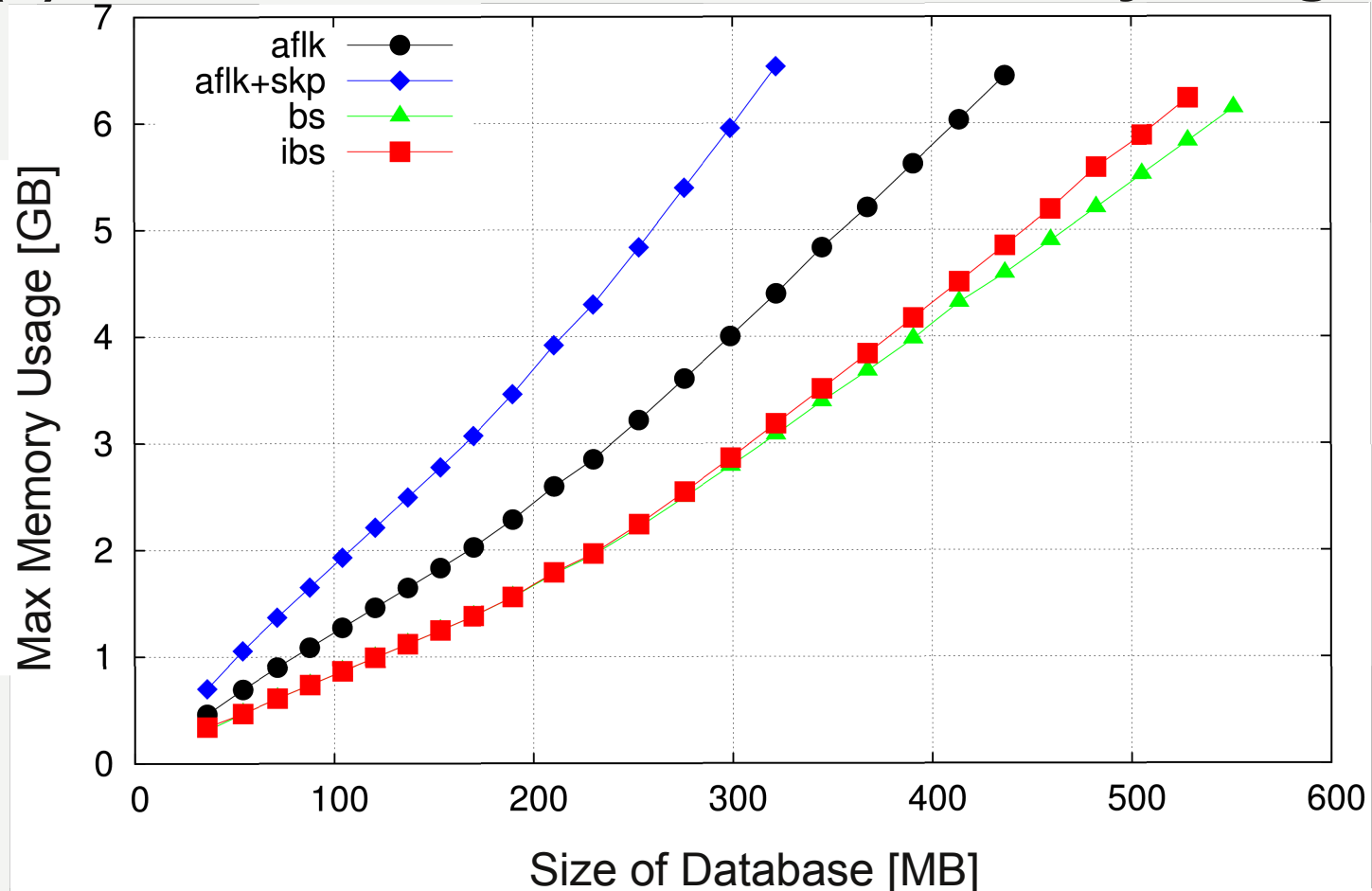
* accelerates computation of *aflk* table

4 Different Modes of Structator:

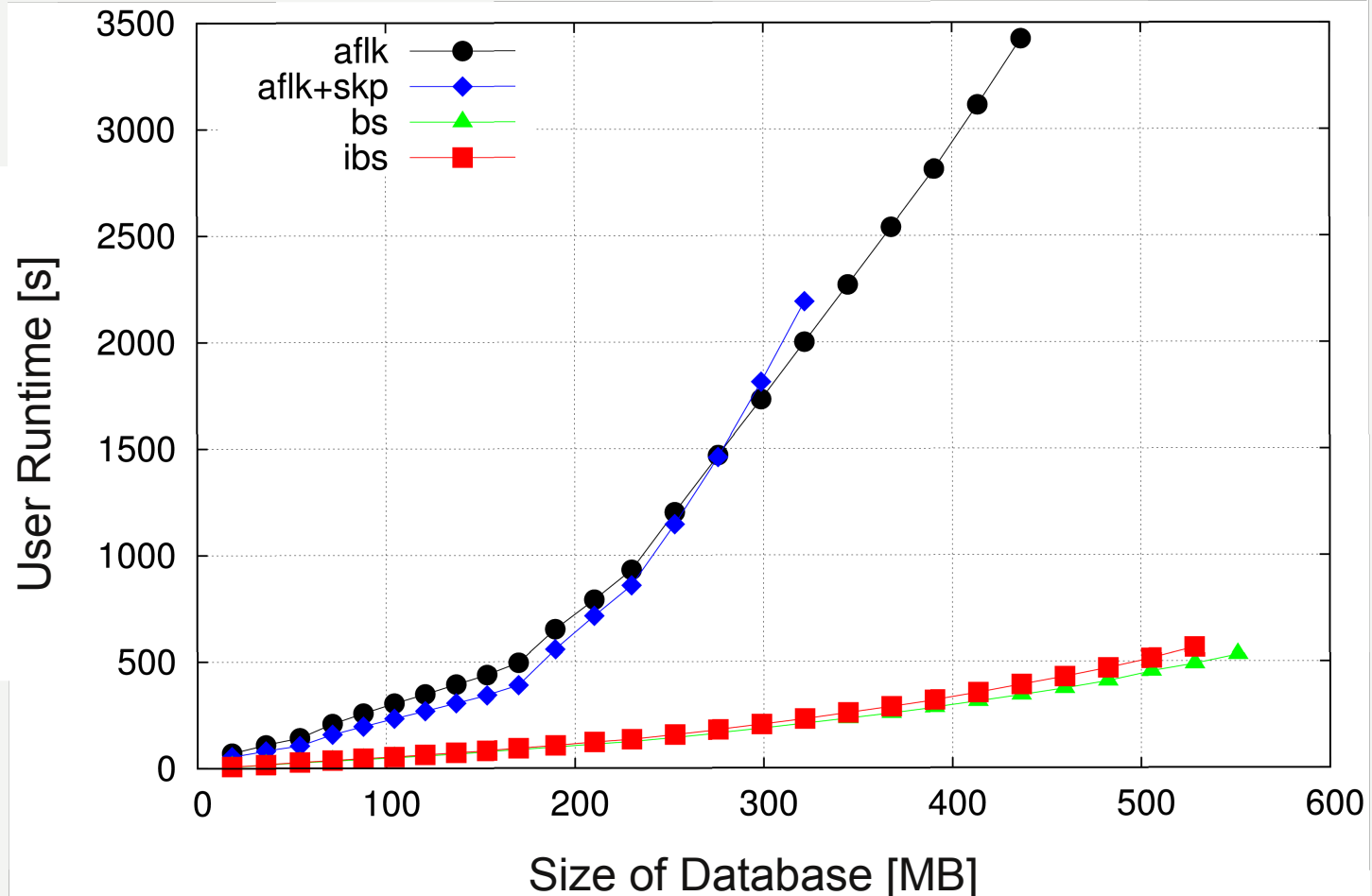


Mode	<i>suf</i>	<i>lcp</i>	<i>aflk</i>	<i>skp</i> *	<i>lcp-Tree</i>	Space
<i>aflk</i>	X	X	X			18n
<i>aflk+skp</i>	X	X	X	X		26n
<i>bs</i>	X	X				10n
<i>ibs</i>	X	X			X	12n

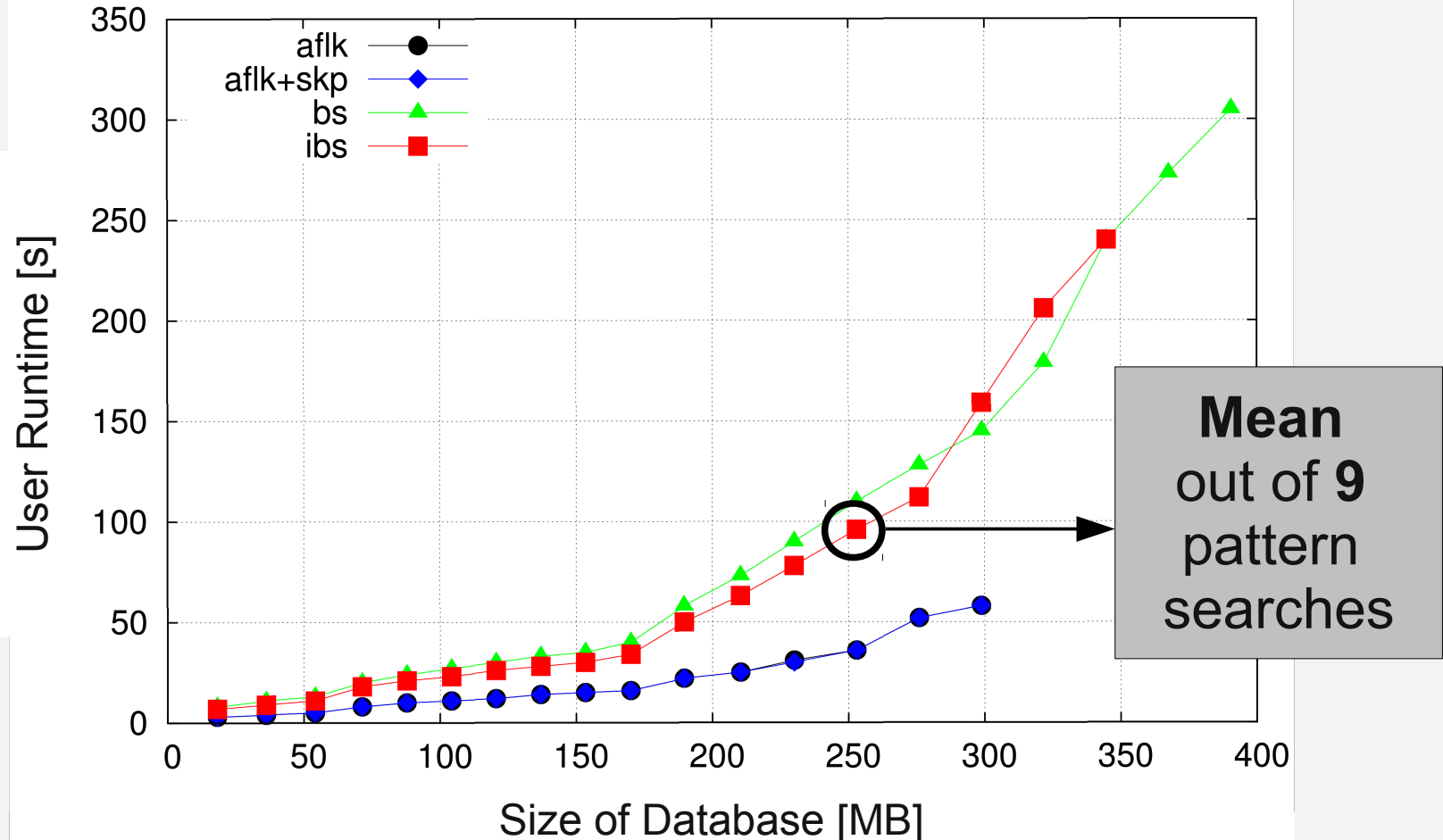
(1) Index Construction – Max Memory Usage



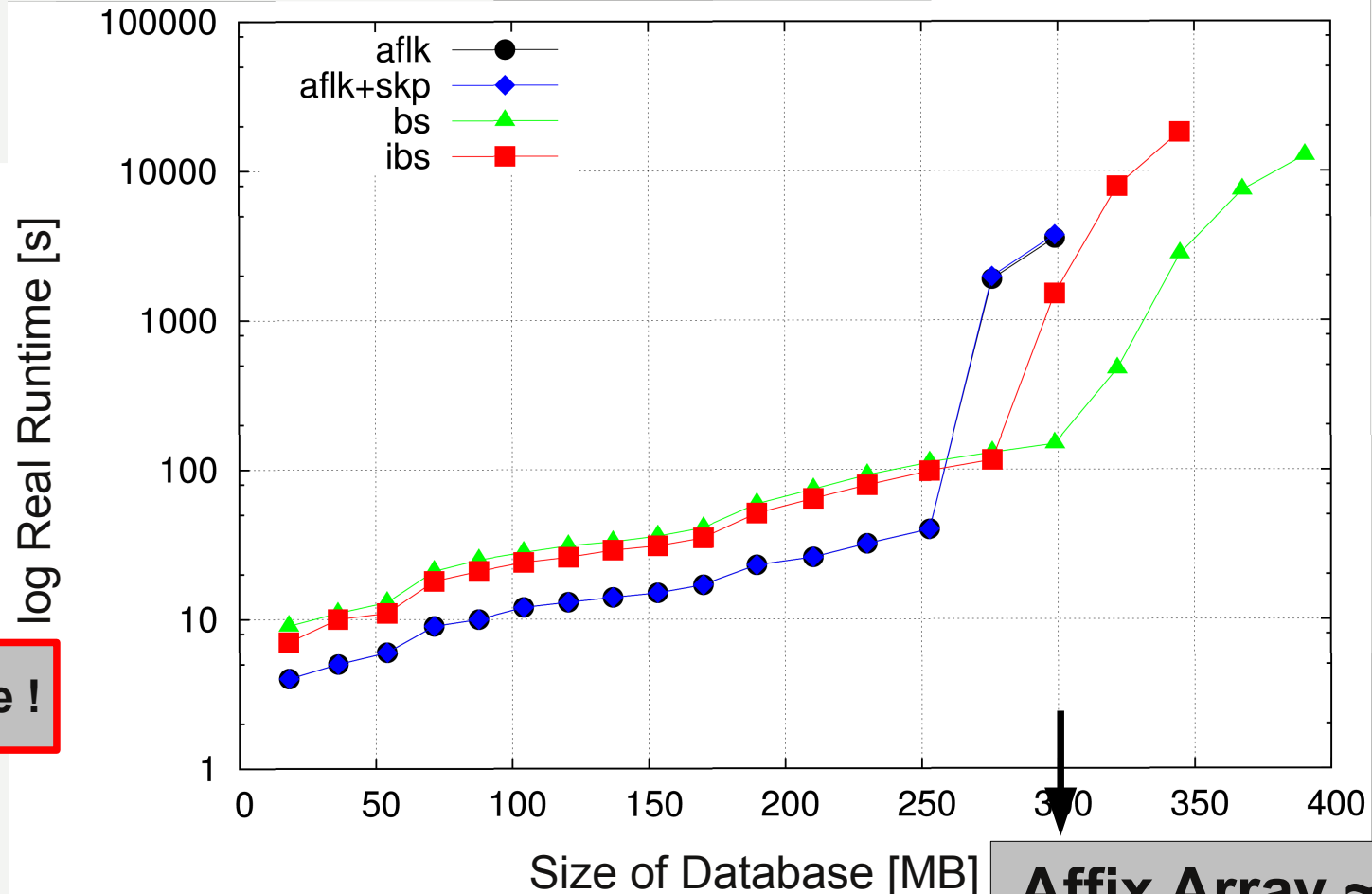
(1) Index Construction – USER Runtime



(2) Pattern Search – **USER** Runtime



(2) Pattern Search – **REAL** Runtime in log scale



2 Modifications to Structator:

(1) Affix Links via **Binary Search**

(2) Affix Links via **Improved Binary Search**

→ **reduced** Space but higher runtime

More efficient if affix array gets close to system's memory!

Our two Modifications are **available**
at the official **Structator** website:

<http://www.zbh.uni-hamburg.de/Structator>

Structator Team

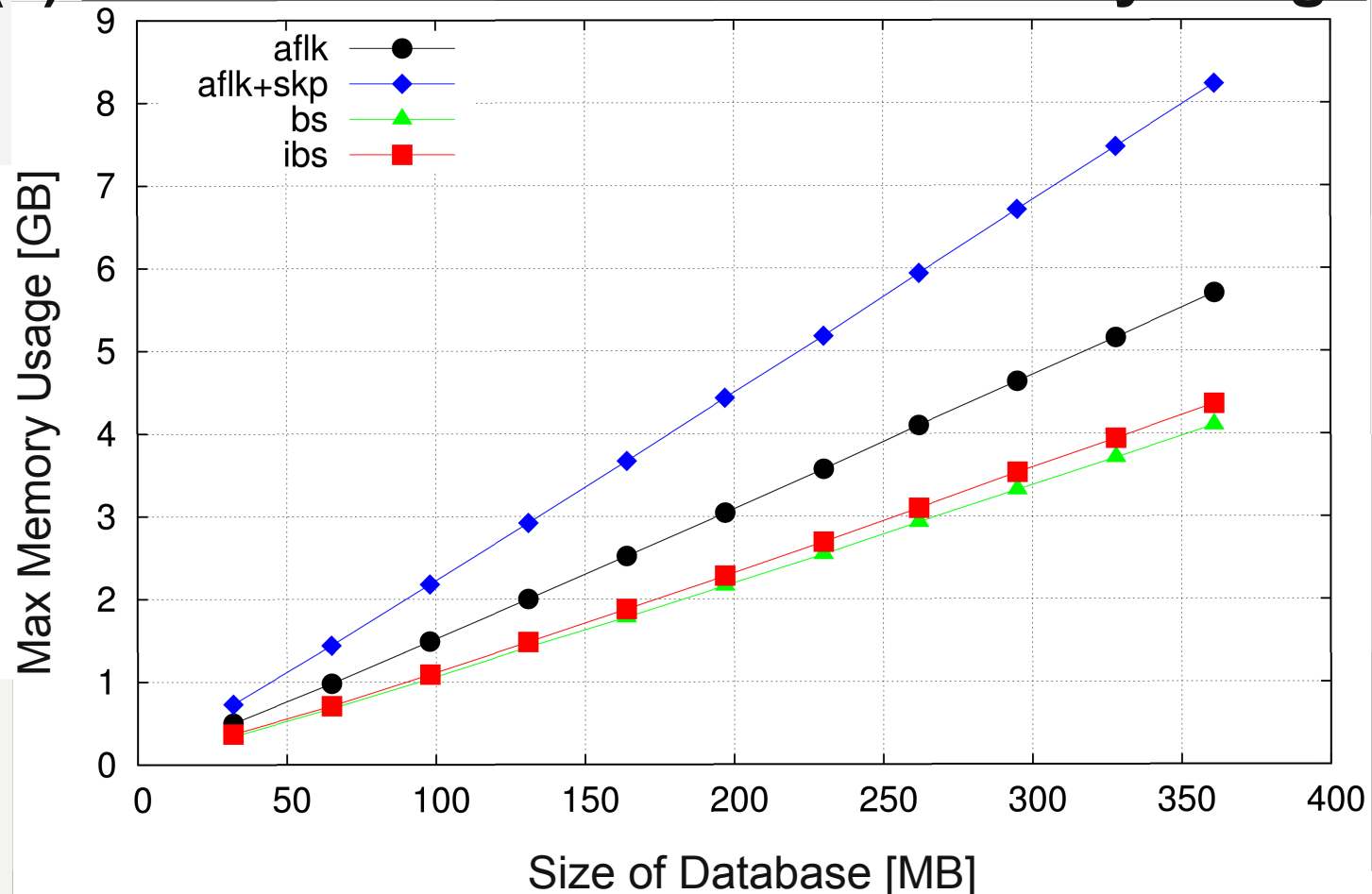
**Fernando Meyer¹, Stefan Kurtz¹, Rolf Backofen²,
Sebastian Will^{2,3}, and Michael Beckstette¹**

¹Center for Bioinformatics, University of Hamburg

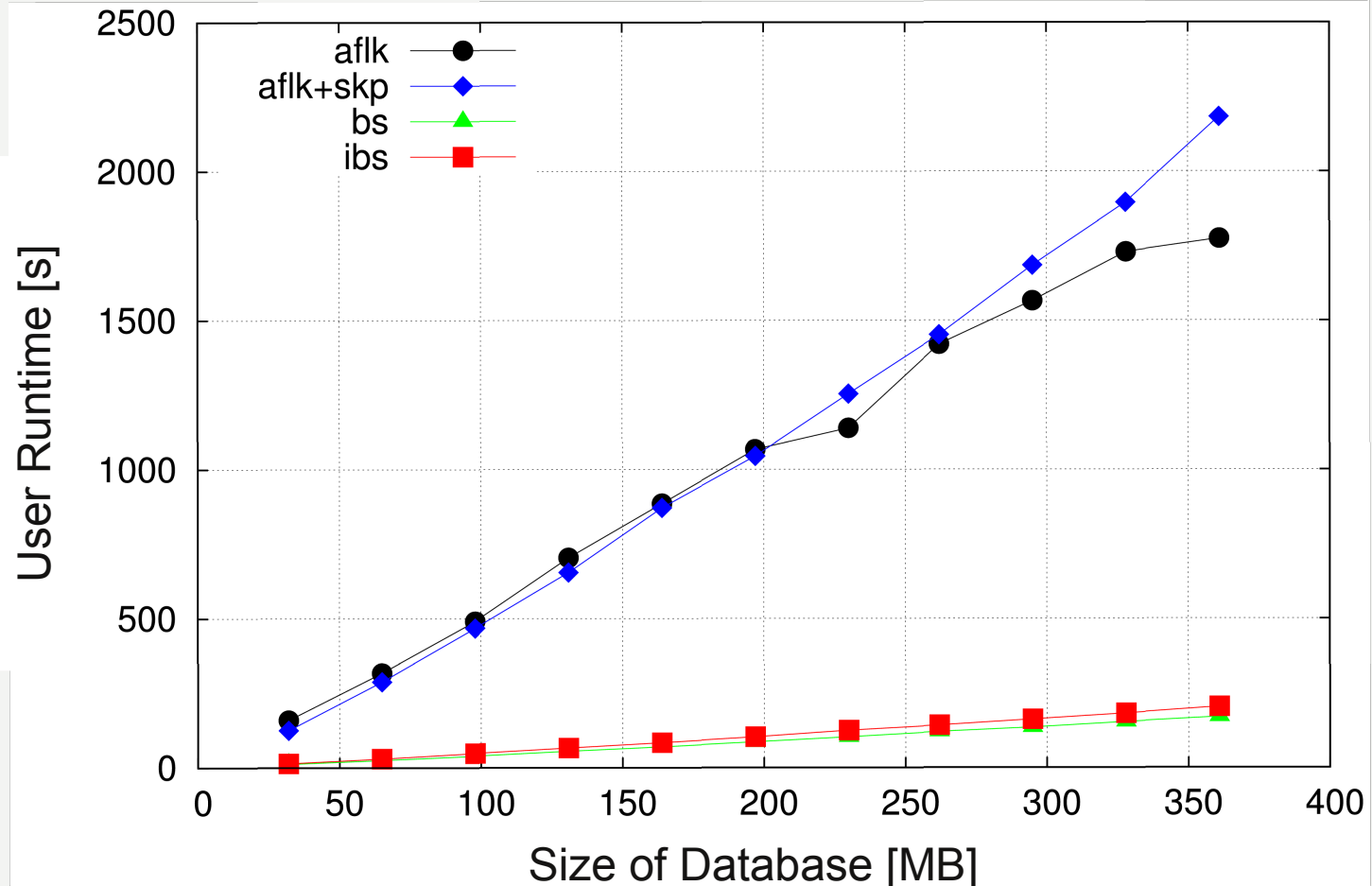
²Chair for Bioinformatics, University of Freiburg

³Computer Science and Artificial Intelligence Lab, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

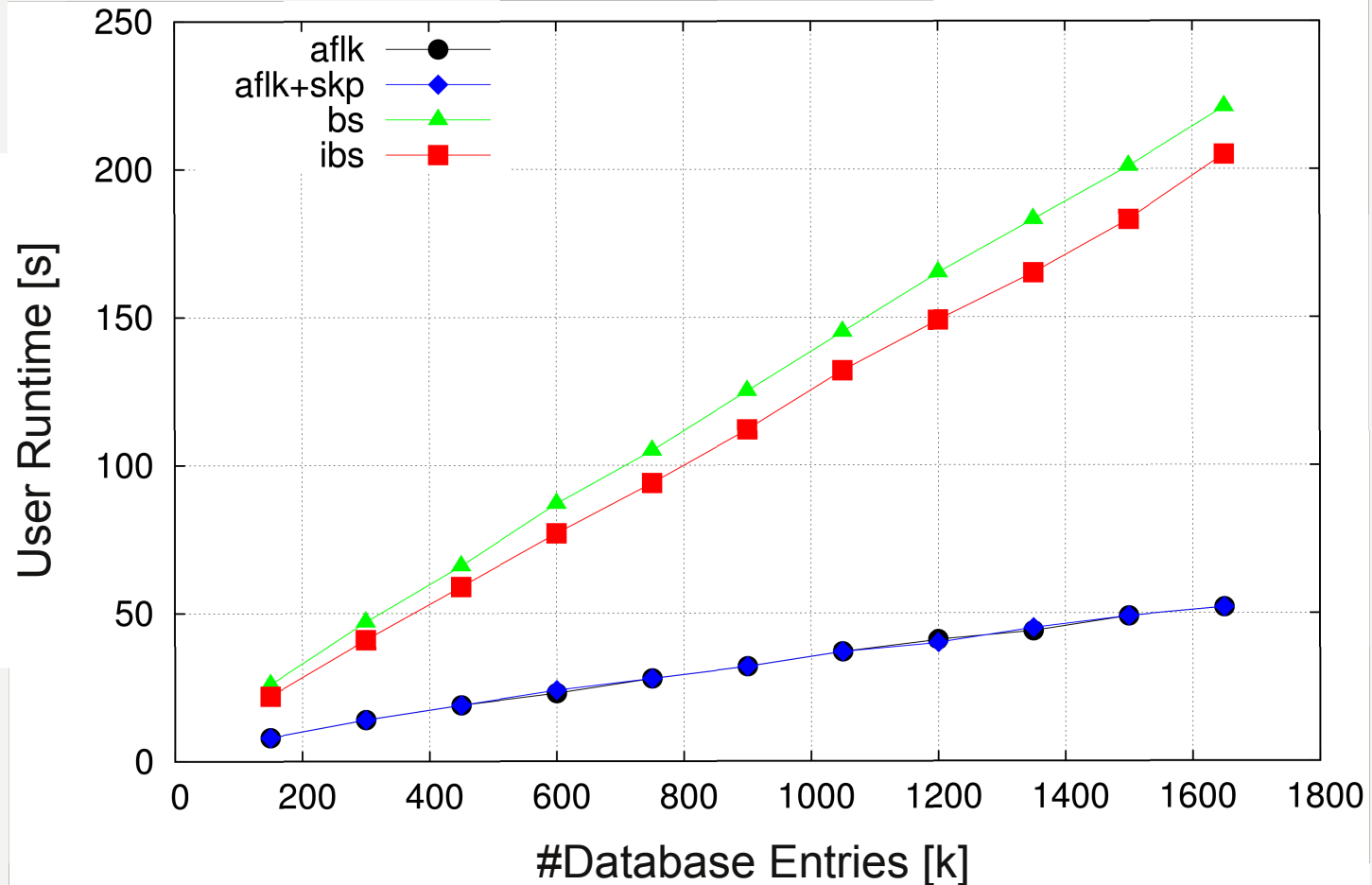
(1) Index Construction – Max Memory Usage



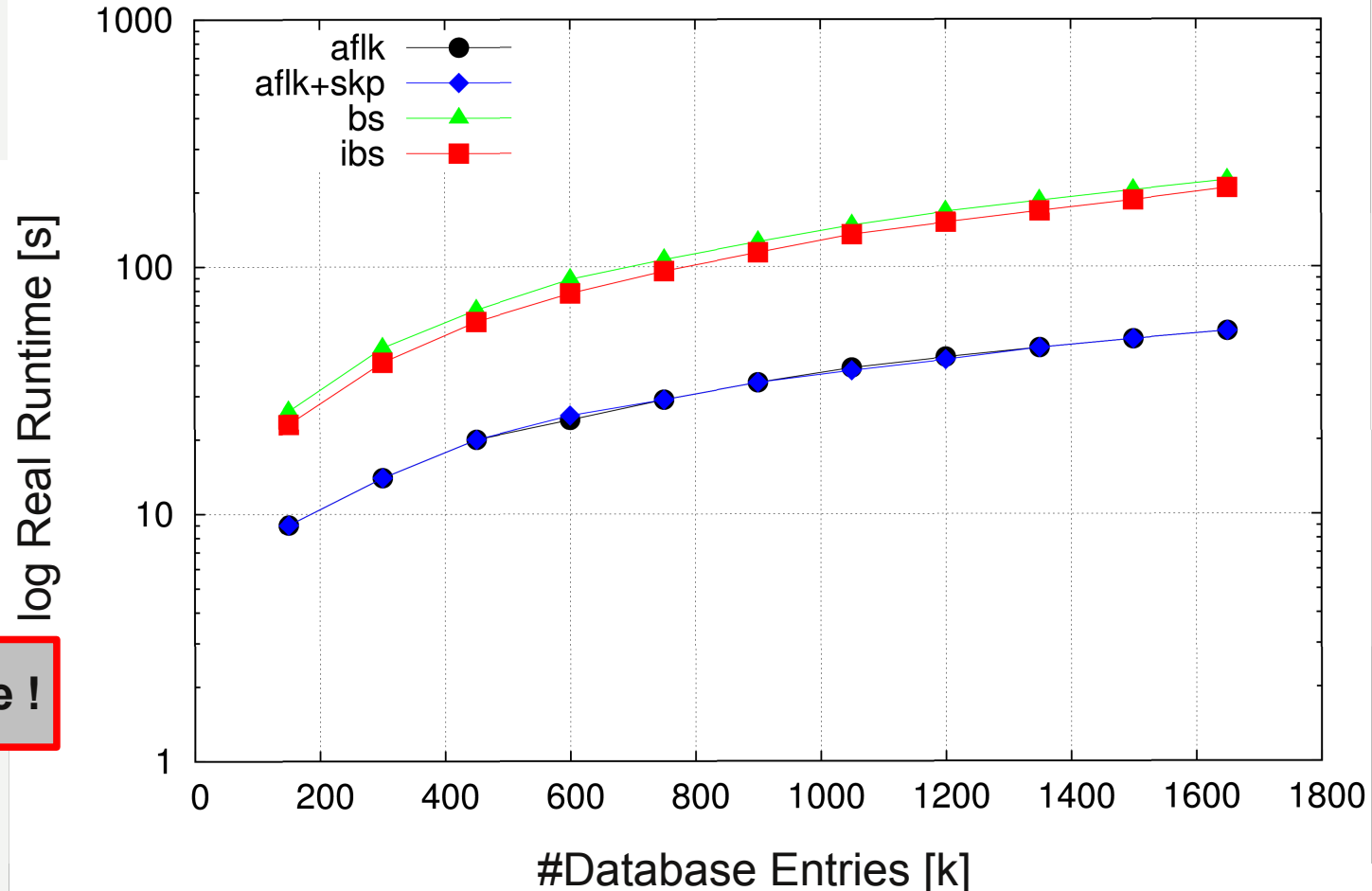
(1) Index Construction – Runtime



(2) Pattern Search – **USER** Runtime



(2) Pattern Search – **REAL** Runtime in log scale



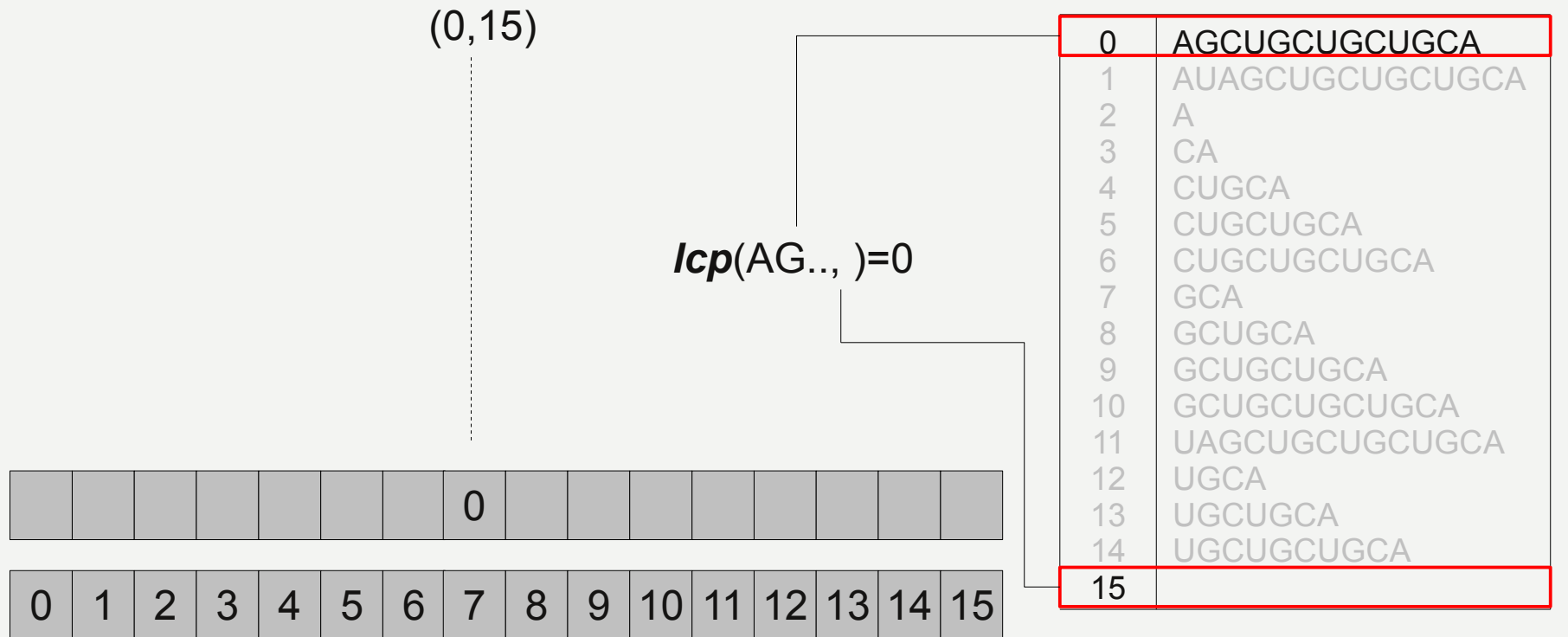
LCP Tree



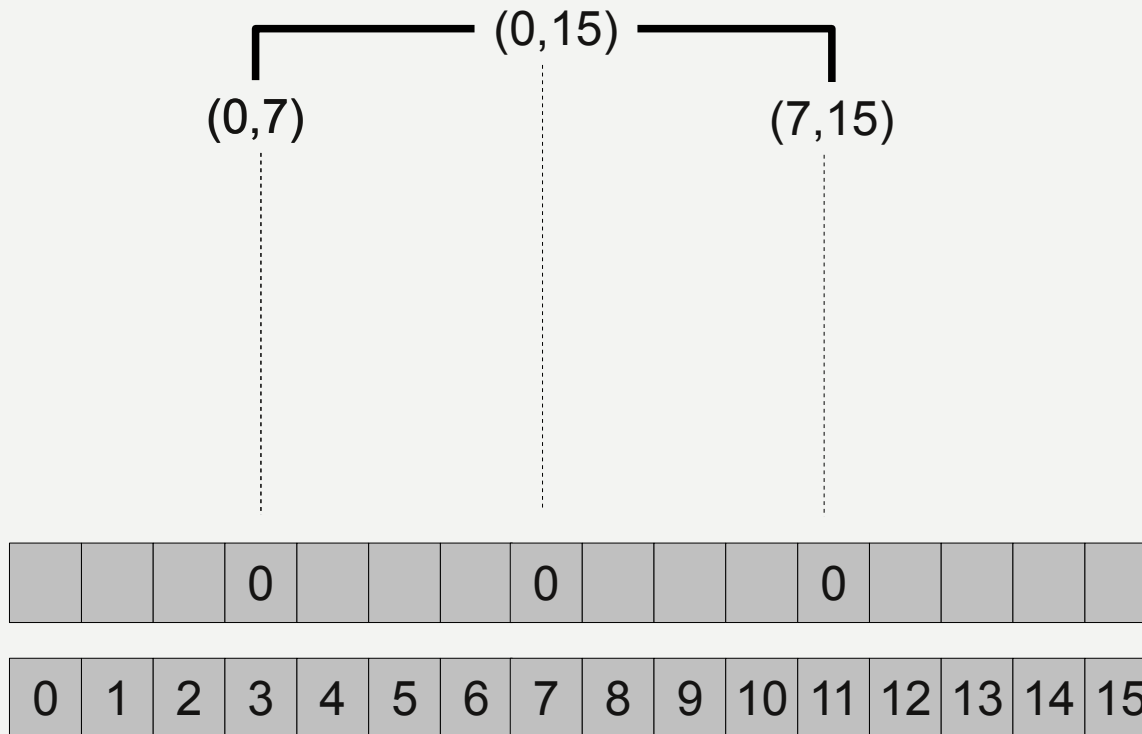
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

0	AGCUGCUGCUGCA
1	AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA
2	A
3	CA
4	CUGCA
5	CUGCUGCA
6	CUGCUGCUGCA
7	GCA
8	GCUGCA
9	GCUGCUGCA
10	GCUGCUGCUGCA
11	UAGCUGCUGCUGCA
12	UGCA
13	UGCUGCA
14	UGCUGCUGCA
15	

T = AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA



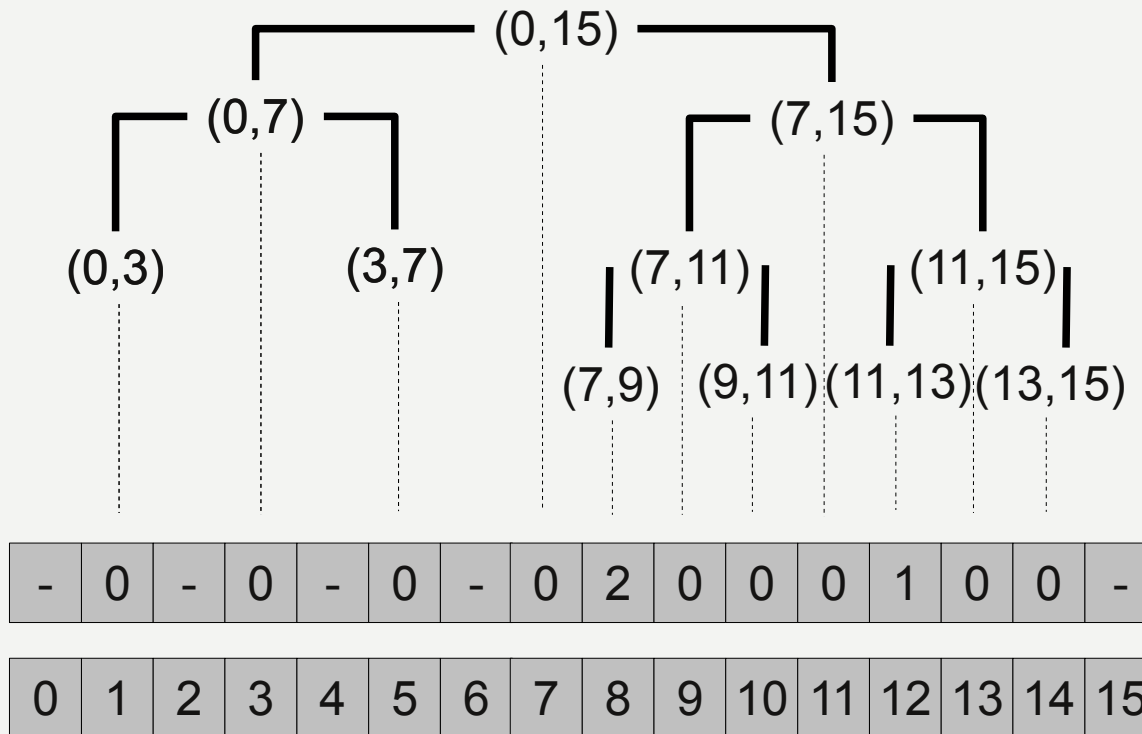
T = AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA



0	AGCUGCUGCUGCA
1	AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA
2	A
3	CA
4	CUGCA
5	CUGCUGCA
6	CUGCUGCUGCA
7	GCA
8	GCUGCA
9	GCUGCUGCA
10	GCUGCUGCUGCA
11	UAGCUGCUGCUGCA
12	UGCA
13	UGCUGCA
14	UGCUGCUGCA
15	

T = AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA

LCP Tree



0	AGCUGCUGCUGCA
1	AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA
2	A
3	CA
4	CUGCA
5	CUGCUGCA
6	CUGCUGCUGCA
7	GCA
8	GCUGCA
9	GCUGCUGCA
10	GCUGCUGCUGCA
11	UAGCUGCUGCUGCA
12	UGCA
13	UGCUGCA
14	UGCUGCUGCA
15	

T = AUAGCUGCUGCUGCA